

Viral Specimen Collection

Universal transport media (UTM) is required for viral cultures and is available from our Supplies Department. **Do NOT use a wooden shaft swab, or swabs with calcium alginate or cotton tips for collection of viral specimens.** The inoculated swab should be placed in universal transport media (UTM) immediately after collection. Refrigerate all viral specimens at 4°C immediately after collection. Do not freeze. If a viral culturette is used, crush the ampule to moisten the swab. Refrigerate. Submit all specimens with an "Infectious Disease" requisition containing complete requested patient information. **Indicate source, date, and time on the requisition.**

CSF

Submit 1.0 mL to 2.0 mL CSF in a sterile, leak-proof container.

CYTOMEGALOVIRUS

Blood, bronchial lavage, bronchial washings, lung tissue, throat, and urine are appropriate specimens for cytomegalovirus testing. Refer to specific testing method for recommended specimen type.

NASOPHARYNGEAL/NASAL WASH

- 1. Attach catheter to suction apparatus.
- 2. Tilt patient's head back 70 degrees.Insert several drops of sterile normal saline into each nostril.
- 3. Insert catheter into nostril. (Catheter should reach depth equal to distance from nostrils to outer opening of ear.)
- 4. Begin gentle suction. Remove catheter while rotating it gently.
- 5. Place specimen in sterile transport media tube.

Reference: http://www.cdc.gov/flu/pdf/freeresources/healthcare/flu-specimen-collection-guide.pdf

NOTE: Sputum is not recommended for respiratory viral testing because it does not contain adequate cells.



Stool

Submit pea-sized portion of stool in universal transport media (UTM). Refrigerate. If stool is liquid, collect approximately 5.0 mL. Mix and put 1.0 mL in universal transport media.

Urine

Submit 2.0-4.0 mL of a freshly voided urine in a sterile, leakproof container or 3.0 mL of urine in universal transport media (UTM). A fresh morning urine is preferred. Refrigerate.

Viral Cultures	
Virus	Specimen
Adenovirus	CSF, eye swab, nasopharyngeal washing, stool, throat swab, or urine
Coxsackie A & B	CSF, pericardial fluid, stool, throat, or vesicle fluid
Echovirus	CSF, pericardial fluid, stool, throat, or vesicle fluid
Enterovirus (Coxsakie, Echo, & Polio)	CSF, pericardial fluid, stool, throat, or vesicle fluid
Herpes simplex	CSF, eye, genital, throat swab, tissue biopsy, or vesicular fluid
Influenza A & B	NP washing or throat swab
Parainfluenza 1,2,3,4	NP swab or washing, or throat
Poliovirus	CSF, stool, or throat swab
Respiratory Syncytial Virus	Not recommended if specimen transport requires >30 minutes to the laboratory. See RSV by DFA.